

## Beginning Derivatives Practice

HW 2-6

Differentiate.

1)  $y = 3x^5 - 2x^3$

2)  $y = 2\sqrt{x}$

3)  $y = \frac{2}{x^3}$

4)  $y = \frac{x+3}{x}$

5)  $f(x) = \pi^3$

6)  $f(x) = \sqrt[5]{x^2}$

7)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x^{1/2} + 6$

8)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}$

9)  $y = x^{-1}(3x^2 + 4)$

10)  $y = \sqrt[3]{x^2}(3x+1)$

11)  $f(x) = (-5x-2)(x^2+4x)$

12)  $y = 5(6x^2-4)$

13)  $y = \frac{5x^3 - 4x + 2}{x^2 - 3}$

14)  $y = \frac{3x^{-2}}{5x^3 + 1}$

15)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{5x-2}$

Let's add some trig in!

$$16) y = \tan x - \cot x$$

$$17) y = \cot x + \csc x$$

$$18) y = \frac{\tan x}{\cos x - 4}$$

$$19) y = \cos x (\cot x)$$

$$20) y = 4 \sin x \tan x$$

$$21) y = \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

$$22) y = (\cos x)(x^2 + 4)$$

$$23) y = \frac{2 \cos x}{x+1}$$

$$24) y = 3 \sec x \tan x$$

25) Find the  $x$  coordinates of all points where the tangent line to  $f(x) = x + 2 \cos x$  is horizontal.

26) Find the equation of the tangent line to  $y = \cos x$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

27)  $f'(x) = 2 \sec^2 x + \sin x - 4$ . Write a possible equation for  $f(x)$ .